

LibreOffice Basic IDE

Beginner


v. 1.02 – February 11, 2018

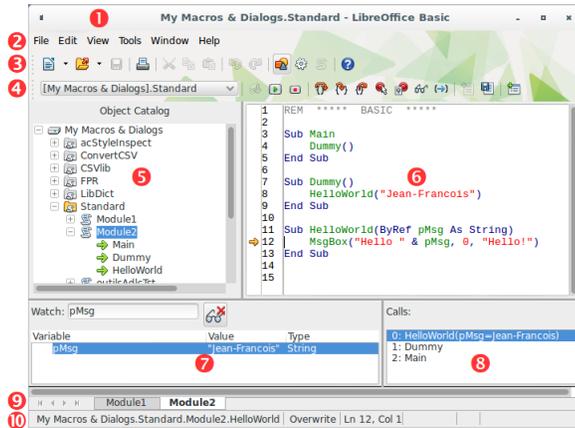
Written using LibreOffice v. 5.3.3 – Platform: All

IDE : *Integrated development environment.*
A set of tools for writing and debugging your macros code.

Getting To The IDE

Menu **Tools > Macros > Organize macros > LibreOffice Basic** (**Alt** + **F11**) then select the desired module to edit (**Edit** button).

Overview



The IDE window is made of 10 tools, most of them are described in this refcard.

- 1 Title bar Name of the container and of the current library.
- 2 Menu Bar Standard LibreOffice menus, dedicated to macros management.
- 3 Standard toolbar The LibreOffice **Standard** toolbar, showing only tools dedicated to code edition and debugging.
- 4 Macros toolbar Tools dedicated to code edition and debugging.
- 5 Object catalog Containers tree-view showing libraries, modules and subprograms.
- 6 Code editor Main area for code edition, with syntax highlighting, breakpoints management and execution control.
- 7 Watch pane Variable contents checking (watches).
- 8 Call stack panel Subprogram calls and their parameters.
- 9 Tab bar Lists and manages the current library modules.
- 10 Status bar Run-time status.

The main panels (**Catalog** 5), **Editor** 6), **Watches** 7) and **Call stack** 8) can be detached.

Toolbars

If not visible : **View > Toolbars.**

Standard Toolbar

Two toolbuttons are of interest:

-  **Select macro** Calls the macro selection dialog.
-  **Modules** Calls the Macros Organizer dialog.

Macros Toolbar

-  **Library selector** Selection of the library to use.
-  « **Compile** » Syntax checking.
-  **Run immediately** **F5** Run the subprogram under the cursor.
-  **Stop** **Shift + F5** Stop the running program.
-  **Step Over** **Shift + F8** Step-by-step execution, bypassing the called.
-  **Step Into** **F8** Step into the called subprogram.
-  **Step Out** **Ctrl + Shift + F8** Step out to the caller.
-  **Breakpoint On/Off** **F9** (De)activate the breakpoint on current line.
-  **Manage Breakpoints** Opens the breakpoints dialog.
-  **Enable Watch** **F7** Adds the selected var to the watches.
-  **Find Parenthesis**
-  **Import Basic** Import a macro source code.
-  **Export Basic** Save the source code (macro or dialog).
-  **Import Dialog** Import a dialog source code.

Dialog Toolbar

- This toolbar takes place of the Macros toolbar when editing dialog boxes.
-  **Insert Controls** Same contents as the controls toolbar (below).
 -  **Import Dialog** Import a dialog box source code.
 -  **Export Dialog** Export a dialog box source code. The files have a .xdl extension (XML).

Controls Toolbar

This toolbar is shown when in dialog box conception mode. It displays each available control to place on a dialog. These three buttons deserve an explanation:

-  **Select Element** Get back to selection mode.
-  **Manage Language** Multilingual dialog creation.
-  **Preview Dialog** Dialog test mode (hit **Esc** to get back to edition mode).

Object Catalog

Displays the 3 containers types and their contents: libraries, modules and macros.

Containers 1

My Macros & Dialogs

Specific to the user's account, for all documents. Can only be used by the user.

LibreOffice Macros & Dialogs

(aka **global macros**)

These macros are stored within the LibreOffice global container. As such, they can be viewed and used everywhere.

The ones on the capture are part of a standard LibreOffice install.

Untitled 1 (in the example)

In the current document.

Libraries

Loaded (colored) 2 or not (grayed-out) 3.

Standard Library

Apart from global libraries, each container comes with a **Standard** library.

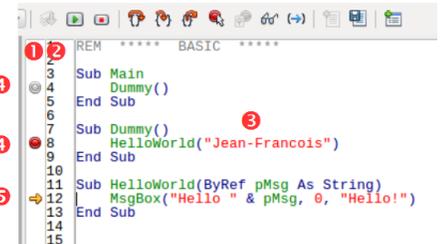
- Standard is always loaded at opening time (of the application or the document):
It can't be deleted.
- It can't be overwritten through some code import.
- It can't be encrypted.

Modules 4

Subprograms (macros) 5

Code Editor

Used for code writing (with syntax highlighting) and debugging (read on).



Useful Items In the Edition Panel

- 1 Gutter A "margin" in which the breakpoints 4) and the execution flag 5) are displayed.
- 2 Line numbers For easier navigation (toggled using **View > Line Numbers**).
- 3 Editor Helps writing Basic code. Supports syntax highlighting.

(Un)Indenting lines

Press **Tab** / **Shift + Tab** to indent/unindent lines of code.

These commands can be used when selecting a set of lines.

Syntax Highlighting

The colors used are specified in LibreOffice options: **Tools > Options > LibreOffice > Application Colors**. Check the **Basic Syntax Highlighting** section values.

Displaying/hiding line numbers

Toggle line numbers display with **View > Line Numbers**.

You may add a button to the **Macros toolbar** (see **Category BASIC**).

Breakpoint management and execution control: see **Debugging**.

Goto Line

Ctrl + L

Watches Panel

Allows checking variable contents at runtime (more in **Debugging** below).

Three columns (adjustable widths):

- Variable name
- Value
- Type

Adding A Watch

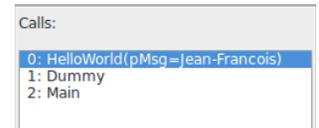
1. In the code, select the variable to observe (you may enter its name in the **Watch** zone),
2. click the **Enable Watch** button  **F7**.

Removing A Watch

1. Select the watch to remove,
2. click **Remove Watch**  (in the **Watches** panel)

Call Stack Panel

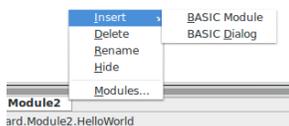
In step-by-step execution mode, allows to know the successive subprograms calls. Read it bottom-up. All subprograms are listed along with their parameter values.



Subprogram 0 is the one in which the execution is currently. The others are numbered subsequently.

Tab Bar

Displays the modules names for the current library. Modules names are shown in alphabetical order, left to right.



Right-click on the bar to manage the modules:

- Insert > Basic Module** Create a new code module (defaults to **ModuleN**).
- Insert > Basic Dialog** Create a new dialog module (defaults to **DialogN**).
- Delete** Delete the selected module.
- Rename** Rename the selected module.
- Hide** Temporarily hide the selected module.
- Modules** Calls the **Macro Organizer**.

Status Bar

From left to right:

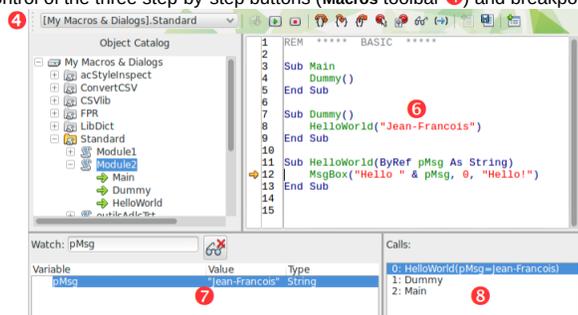
- The subprogram full name in which the cursor currently sits.
- The current code edition mode (switch to **Overwrite** using **Ins**).
- The line (**Ln**) and column (**Col**) (character) number where the cursor currently is.

Debugging

Debugging: checking a program execution.

This operation is realized executing the program part to be checked in step-by-step mode while watching the execution context (variables values).

Debugging uses three panels: code editor (6), call stack (7) and watch pane (8). It runs under the control of the three step-by-step buttons (Macros toolbar (4)) and breakpoints.



Execution Modes

Five buttons define the way the code is run. The execution mark (yellow arrow) displays the execution point.

Note that when you start execution (any mode) while the cursor is in a subprogram that requires non-optional parameters, you get a message: **Argument is not optional**.

- Run** **Shift + F5** Runs the subprogram where the cursor sits. The execution stops at breakpoints only.
- Stop** **F5** Stops the execution.
- Step Over** **Shift + F8** Step-by-step execution without entering the subprograms.
- Step Into** **F8** Step in subprograms.
- Step Out** **Ctrl + Shift + F8** Step out to callers.

Managing Breakpoints

Breakpoint: a mark where the execution is paused. This allows to examine the execution context at that moment (watches values).

Execution is paused before executing the marked line.

The actions below may be accomplished during a debugging session.

Adding A Breakpoint

Double-click in the gutter on the line to stop at when no breakpoint exists (**F9**).

Deleting A Breakpoint

Double-click in the gutter on an existing breakpoint (**F9**).

Disabling/Re-enabling A Breakpoint

Right-click in the gutter on any existing breakpoint, then disable **Active**. The icon turns from (active) to (inactive).

Breakpoints Manager

Call it by:

- right-clicking the execution mark or any existing breakpoint, option **Properties**
- clicking the **Manage Breakpoints** button

Top to bottom:

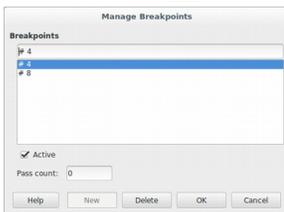
(list and edition area) Line numbers where breakpoints are set. Select or create a new one.

Active (Un)Check to (de)activate the selected breakpoint.

Pass Count Activates a breakpoint after a given number of passes.

New Click to add a new breakpoint on the specified line.

Delete Deletes the selected breakpoint.



Options

LibreOffice offers a set of IDE options:

Tools > Options > LibreOffice > Basic IDE

- Enable code completion** The IDE automatically completes the Basic objects methods
 - Doesn't apply to custom objects.
 - The **UseExtended types** option must be enabled.

Autocorrection

Fixes keywords and variable names syntax.

Autoclose quotes

When typing " (double quote), the IDE adds the closing quote.

Autoclose parenthesis

When typing ((parenthesis), the IDE adds the closing parenthesis.

Autoclose procedures

When typing Sub Xxx or Function Xxx (Sub Or Function declaration), the IDE adds an End Sub or End Function.

UseExtended types

(needed to get code completion) Allows using UNO object types as valid for Basic.

Hints

Copying A Library Between Containers

1. Open the **source** document/container,
2. Open the **Macro Organizer** (M), **Libraries** tab,
3. Select the library **Location**,
4. **Export > Export as Basic library**,
5. Open the **target** document/container,
6. **Import**.

Copying Modules From A Library To Another

(in the same document or between documents/containers)

1. Open both source and target documents/containers,
 2. Open the **Macro Organizer** (M),
 3. Drag/drop from source to target.
- By default, modules are **moved**. To copy: **Ctrl** + drag/drop.

Hiding Modules

Allows to (temporarily) simplify the tab row: right-click a tab then **> Hide**.

Encrypting Libraries

Encrypting a library makes a more secure code.

Any library may be encrypted, except **Standard**.

1. Open the **Macro Organizer** (M), **Libraries** tab,
2. Select the **Location**,
3. Select the library,
4. Click **Password**,
5. Enter the **New password** and confirm,
6. **Validate**.

Warning!

The encryption is **very strong** (AES): **password loss is irremediable!**

Always keep a non-encrypted version for yourself.

IDE Keyboard Shortcuts

Macros dialog

Alt + F11

Stop execution

F5

Goto line

Ctrl + L

Step Over

Shift + F8

Add/remove breakpoint

F9

Step Into

F8

Activate a watch

F7

Step Out

Ctrl + Shift + F8

Immediate execution

Shift + F5

Credits

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We are like dwarves perched on the shoulders of giants, and thus we are able to see more and farther than the latter. And this is not at all because of the acuteness of our sight or the stature of our body, but because we are carried aloft and elevated by the magnitude of the giants (Bernard de Chartres [attr.])

History

Version	Date	Comments
1.02	02/11/2018	First EN version

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